CLAIMS

1. A method of producing a porous plastic film, the method comprising:

producing a stretchable preform from a raw material blend comprising a polymer-containing basic material and an additive,

stretching the blank so as to form a film comprising pores, c h a r - a c t e r i z e d by

the additive comprising a POS(S) chemical.

- 2. A method as claimed in claim 1, characterized by stretching the preform biaxially.
- 3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, **characterized** by stretching the preform within a draw ratio range of 2:1 to 8:1.
- 4. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, characterized by the POS(S) being in a solid state at room temperature.
- 5. A method as claimed in claim 4, **characterized** by blending the POS(S) with the basic material at a temperature lower than the melting temperature of the POS(S).
- 6. A method as claimed in claim 4, **characterized** by blending the POS(S) with the basic material at a temperature exceeding the melting temperature of the POS(S).
- 7. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, characterized by the POS(S) being in a liquid state at room temperature.
- 8. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, characterized by the POS(S) comprising one or more of the following isooctyl-POSS chemicals: dodecaphenyl-POSS C₁₇H₆₀O₁₈Si₁₂, $[Me_3CCH_2CH(Me)CH_2]_nT_n$, wherein n = 8, 10 or 12, octacyclohexyl-POSS octacyclopentyl-POSS C₄₀H₇₂O₁₂Si₈, octaisobutyl-POSS C₄₈H₈₈O₁₂Si₈, $C_{32}H_{72}O_{12}Si_8$, octamethyl-POSS $C_8H_{24}O_{12}Si_8$, octaphenyl-POSS $C_{48}H_{40}O_{12}Si_8$, dodecatrifluoropropyl-POSS H₂O, octa-TMA-POSS C₃₂H₉₆O₂₀Si₈·~60 $C_{36}H_{48}F_{36}O_{18}Si_{12}, \quad \text{octatrimethylsiloxy-POSS} \quad C_{24}H_{72}O_{20}Si_{16}, \quad \text{phenetyl-POSS}$ $(PhCH_2CH_2)_nT_n$, wherein n = 8, 10 or 12, phenetylisobutyl-POSS $C_{36}H_{72}O_{12}Si_8$.
- 9. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, characterized by the basic material comprising one or more of the fol-

lowing polymers: polypropylenes, cyclic olefin copolymers, cyclic olefin polymers, polymethylpentene, polyethylene terephthalate, polybutene terephthalate, polyethylene naphthalate, polyeterimide.

- 10. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, **characterized** by the thickness of the porous plastic film being 5 to 200 µm.
- 11. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, **characterized** by the amount of POS(S) being 0.1 to 50 percent by weight calculated from the weight of the basic material.
- 12. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, characterized by expanding the pores comprised by the film with gas.
- 13. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, characterized by charging the porous film by directing an electric field over it.
- 14. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, characterized by preparing an electrically conductive element on at lest one side of the porous film.
- 15. A porous plastic film produced from a raw material blend containing a basic material and an additive mixed therewith, a plurality of pores being arranged in the structure of the plastic film, **characterized** in that the additive comprises a POS(S) chemical.
- 16. A plastic film as claimed in claim 15, **characterized** in that the pores are produced by stretching a preform made from the raw material blend.
- 17. A plastic film as claimed in claim 16, **characterized** in that the pores are produced by stretching the preform biaxially.
- 18. A plastic film as claimed in claim 16 or 17, c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that the draw ratio of the stretching is within a draw ratio range of 2:1 to 8:1.
- 19. A plastic film as claimed in any one of claims 15 to 18, c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that the pores are closed pores.
- 20. A plastic film as claimed in any one of claims 15 to 18, **c** h a **r** a **c** t e **r** i **z** e **d** in that the POS(S) comprises one or more of the following chemicals: dodecaphenyl-POSS $C_{17}H_{60}O_{18}Si_{12}$, isooctyl-POSS [Me₃CCH₂CH(Me)CH₂]_nT_n, wherein n = 8, 10 or 12, octacyclohexyl-POSS $C_{48}H_{88}O_{12}Si_8$, octacyclopentyl-POSS $C_{40}H_{72}O_{12}Si_8$, octaisobutyl-POSS $C_{32}H_{72}O_{12}Si_8$, octamethyl-POSS $C_{8}H_{24}O_{12}Si_8$, octaphenyl-POSS $C_{48}H_{40}O_{12}Si_8$,

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octa-TMA-POSS $C_{32}H_{96}O_{20}Si_8$ ~60 H_2O , dodecatrifluoropropyl-POSS $C_{36}H_{48}F_{36}O_{18}Si_{12}$, octatrimethylsiloxy-POSS $C_{24}H_{72}O_{20}Si_{16}$, phenetyl-POSS $(PhCH_2CH_2)_nT_n$, wherein n = 8, 10 or 12, phenetylisobutyl-POSS $C_{36}H_{72}O_{12}Si_8$.

- 21. A plastic film as claimed in any one of claims 15 to 20, **c** h a **r** a **c** t e **r** i **z** e **d** in that the basic material comprises one or more of the following polymers: polypropylenes, cyclic olefin copolymers, cyclic olefin polymers, polymethylpentene, polyethylene terephthalate, polybutene terephthalate, polyethylene naphthalate, polyeterimide.
- 22. A plastic film as claimed in any one of claims 15 to 21, c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that at least one of its surfaces is at least partly coated with an electrically conductive coating.
- 23. A plastic film as claimed in any one of claims 15 to 22, c h a r-acterized in that the plastic film is electrically charged.
- 24. A plastic film as claimed in claim 23, **characterized** in that it is an electromechanical film and/or an electret film.
- 25. A plastic film as claimed in claim 24, **characterized** in that a change in electromechanical energy is arranged to take place through a change in the thickness of the film.
- 26. A plastic film as claimed in claim 24, **characterized** in that a change in electromechanical energy is based on variation of the location of the film in an electric field.